OC32 – Nursing interventions for empowering parents of premature infants before discharge from the neonatal intensive care unit: a scoping review

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Theme: Complex health care and chronic disease management.

Keywords: Discharge, family, nursing, premature infant, transitional care, nursing.

Family-centred nursing interventions in perinatal period are of utmost importance for empowering parents and preparing the discharge from neonatal intensive care unit. The purpose of this scoping review was to summarize the available evidence related to family-centred nursing interventions during hospitalization in perinatal period, of infants born with less than 37 weeks of gestational age, for empowering parents before discharge from hospital.

Searches were conducted on five bibliographic databases: CINAHL®, SCOPUS®, MEDLINE®, MEDLACTINA®, Cochrane Central Register of Controlled Trials®. A total of 15 studies, published between 2004 and 2015, were included in the review. Nurses considered the following issues as essential for discharge preparation and empowerment of families: availability of social aids for vulnerable families, 24-hour telephone access to the neonatal units, tailored educational materials and group sessions, continuing education for staff and community-based support to parents post-discharge.

OC33 – Young people's eating behaviours in Vila Nova de Famalicão

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Theme: Nutrition

Keywords: Adolescent, eating, health behaviours, social determinants.

Overweight and obesity are prevalent health problems among young people, with implications on wellbeing and health in adult life. A quantitative, descriptive and transversal study was performed to analyse the eating behaviours perception of adolescents from a school community in Vila Nova de Famalicão. A self-administered questionnaire was applied to 1,614 adolescents attending secondary and higher education in the academic year 2013/14, aged between 14-21 years.

From the total participants, 56.9% were female and 86.5% attended secondary school. Results showed that 85.3% ate a variety of food, including animal origin products; 32.1%

ate less than a daily portion of fruit; 10.8% did not eat vegetables and 13.1% did not drink milk. The food wheel shows that a significant percentage of young people does not have a balanced dietary plan. Community nurses need to encourage youth to adopt a balanced diet.

OC34 – Paediatric rehabilitation: humanizing nursing care to children and their families

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Theme: Ethical issues – dignity and humanity.

Keywords: Ethics, humanization, nursing care, paediatric rehabilitation, paediatric nursing.

Introduction: The child with special health care needs in a rehabilitation center for their vulnerable condition requires a clinical practice centered on ethics and humanization.

Objectives: To know the parents' and nurses opinions on humanized care in a paediatric rehabilitation unit and to identify needs and strategies that promote the humanization of care in a paediatric rehabilitation unit.

Methods: Qualitative, descriptive, exploratory study, using interviews with nurses and questionnaires to parents of hospitalized children.

Results: This study enhances the importance that nurses should have in human relationships, with special attention to each child and their parents, but also to the structural and functioning conditions of the unit.

Discussion: The results are in agreement with the literature, highlighting the particular aspects of children with special needs and their parents.

Conclusion: The results contribute to more humanized care and could be a basis for a Charter of Humanization.

OC35 – Child Friendly Healthcare Initiative, implementation project in a paediatric department in Greece

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